## The PYTHIAEvent Generator



## LHC is a QCD Machine

Hard processes initiated by partons (quarks \& gluons)

Associated with initial-state QCD corrections
Underlying event by QCD mechanisms (MPI, color flow)
Extra QCD jets, isolation, fakes $\rightarrow$ all sensitive to QCD corrections

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Even in BSM scenarios, production of new colored states often favored

Squarks, gluinos, KK gluons, excited quarks, ... + extra QCD jets ...

## Monte Carlo Generators



Calculate Everything $\approx$ solve $\mathrm{QCD} \rightarrow$ requires compromise!
Improve lowest-order perturbation theory, by including the 'most significant' corrections
$\rightarrow$ complete events (can evaluate any observable you want)

## Existing Approaches

PYTHIA : Successor to JETSET (begun in 1978). Originated in hadronization studies: Lund String. HERWIG : Successor to EARWIG (begun in 1984). Originated in coherence studies: angular ordering. SHERPA : Begun in 2000. Originated in "matching" of matrix elements to showers: CKKW.

+ MORE SPECIALIZED: ALPGEN, MADGRAPH,ARIADNE,VINCIA,WHIZARD, MC@NLO, POWHEG, ...


## PYTHIA anno 1978 <br> (then called JETSET)

```
LU TP 78-18
November, 1978
A Monte Carlo Program for Quark Jet
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T. Sjöstrand, B. Söderberg
A Monte Carlo computer program is
presented, that simulates the
fragmentation of a fast parton into a
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Note: Field-Feynman was an early fragmentation model
Now superseded by the String (in PYTHIA) and
Cluster (in HERWIG \& SHERPA) models.

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gURROUTINE JETGEN(N)
COMMON /JET/ K(100,2), $P(100,5)$
COMMON /PAR/ PUD; PSI, SIGMA, CX2, EBEG; WFIN, IFLEEG
COMMON /DATA1/ MESO(7,2), CMIX (6;2), PMAS(19)
IFLSGN $=(10-1 F L B E G) / 5$
$W=2 . * E B E G$
$I=0$
$I P D=0$
c. 1 FLAVOUR AND PT FOR FIRST QUARK
$I F L I=I A B S(I F L B E G)$
PHI $1=6.2832 *$ RANF ( 0 )
PY1=PTi*COS (PHI 1$)$
PYI=PT1*SIN(PHI 1$)$
$100 I=I+1$
C 2 FIAVOUR ANO PT FOR NEXT ANTIOUARK
IFL $2=1+$ INT (RANF (0)/PUD)
PT $2=S I G M A * S O R T(-A L O G(R A N F(O)))$
$\mathrm{PHI} 2=6.2832 * \mathrm{RANF}(0)$
PH12 $=6.2832 * R A N F$
P $2=9 T 2 * \cos (\mathrm{PHI} 2)$
PY2=PTZ*SIN(PHI2)
C 3 MESON FORMED, GPIN ADDED ANO FLAVOUR MIXEO
$K(I, 1)=M E S O(3 *(I F L 1-1)+I F L 2, I F L S G N)$
ISPIN=INT (PSI +RANF (0))
$K(I, 2)=1+9 * I S P I N+K(I: 1)$
IF $(K(I, 1) \cdot L E .6)$ GOTO 110
TMIX = RANF ( $D$ )
$K M=K(I, 1)-6+3 * I S P I N$
$K(I, 2)=8+9 * I S P I N+I N T(T M I X+C M I X(K M, 1))+I N T(T M I X+C M I X(K M, 2))$
C 4 MESON MASS FROM TABLE; PT FROM CONSTITUENTS
$110 \mathrm{P}(1,5)=\mathrm{PMAS}(K(1,2))$
$P(I, 1)=P X 1+P \times 2$
PMTS=P(I, 1$) * * 2+P(1,2) * * 2+P(1,5) * 2$
PMTS $=P(I ; 1) * * 2+P(1 ; 2) * * 2+P(1) S(E * Z)$ AVAILABLE GIVES E ANO PZ
C 5 RANDOM CHOI

$\operatorname{IF}(\mathrm{I}, 3)=(X * W-P M T S /(X * W)) / 2$.
$P(I, 4)=(X * W+P M T S /(X * W)) / 2$.
C \& IF UNSTABLE, DECAY CHAIN INTO STABLE
$120 \quad I P D=I P D+1$
IF (K (IPD, 2). GE.8) CALL DECAY (IPO,I)
IF (IPD.LT.I.AND.I.LE. 96 ) GOTO 120
7 FLAVOUR ANO PT OF UUARK FORMED IN PAIR WITH ANTIQUARK ABOVE
$1 F L 1=1 F L 2$
$P \times 1=-P \times 2$
$P Y 1=-P Y 2$
C 8 IF ENOUGH E+PZ LEFT, GO TO 2
$W=(1,-X) * W$
IF (W.GT.WFIN.AND.I.LE. 95) GOTO 100
$\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{I}$
RETURN
END

PYTHIA anno 2012

## (now called PYTHIA 8)

~ 80,000 lines of C++
What a modern MC generator has inside:

- Hard Processes (internal, semiinternal, or via Les Houches events)
- BSM (internal or via interfaces)
- PDFs (internal or via interfaces)
- Showers (internal or inherited)
- Multiple parton interactions
- Beam Remnants
- String Fragmentation
- Decays (internal or via interfaces)
- Examples and Tutorial
- Online HTML / PHP Manual
- Utilities and interfaces to external programs


## (Traditional) Monte Carlo Generators



## Ambition

Cleaner code
More user-friendly
Easy interfacing
Physics Improvements

## Current Status

Ready and tuned to LHC data
Better interfaces to (B)SM generators via LHEF and semiinternal processes
Improved shower model + interfaces to CKKW-L, POWHEG, and VINCIA

## Team Members

- Stefan Ask
- Richard Corke
- Stephen Mrenna
- Stefan Prestel
- Torbjorn Sjostrand
- Peter Skands

Contributors

- Bertrand Bellenot
- Lisa Carloni
- Tomas Kasemets
- Mikhail Kirsanov
- Ben Lloyd
- Marc Montull
- Sparsh Navin
- MSTW, CTEQ, H1: PDFs
- DELPHI, LHCb: D/B BRs
-     + several bug reports \& fixes


## Hard Processes

## Hard Physics

Standard Model
almost all $2 \rightarrow 1,2 \rightarrow 2$
A few $2 \rightarrow 3$
BSM: a bit of everything (see documentation)


## Perturbative Resonance Decays

- Angular correlations often included (on a process-by-process basis - no generic formalism)
- User implementations (semi-internal resonance)


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## External Input

Les Houches Accord and LHEF (e.g., from MadGraph, CalcHEP, AlpGen,...)

User implementations (semi-internal process)

Inheriting from PYTHIA's $2 \rightarrow 2$ base class, then modify to suit you
(+ automated in MadGraph 5)

## Perturbative Resonance Decays

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- User implementations (semi-internal resonance)


## Exotic Colors

## Color Epsilon Topologies

Example: RPV SUSY

$$
\begin{gathered}
W_{\mathrm{BNV}}=\lambda_{i j k}^{\prime \prime} \epsilon_{a b c} \bar{U}_{i a} \bar{D}_{j b} \bar{D}_{k c} \\
\Longrightarrow q q \rightarrow \tilde{t}^{*} \rightarrow q q \\
\Longrightarrow \chi^{0} \rightarrow q q q
\end{gathered}
$$



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## Dipole Showers:

Radiation pattern obtained as if three radiating dipoles, but with half normal strength
$N$. Desai \& PS, arXiv:1109.5852.
(+Sextets $\rightarrow$ two dipoles)

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## Hidden Valleys



Models only interesting if they can give observable consequences at the LHC!

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Carloni, Rathsman, Sjöstrand, JHEP 1104 (2011) 091
Interleaved shower in QCD, QED and HV sectors:

HV U(I): add $\gamma_{v}$ emissions
HV SU(N): add $g_{v}$ emissions


HV particles may remain invisible, or Broken $\mathrm{U}(\mathrm{I}): \gamma_{v} \rightarrow$ lepton pairs $\mathrm{SU}(\mathrm{N})$ : hadronization in hidden sector, with full string fragmentation setup. For now assumed mass-degenerate.
Flavor Off-diagonal: stable \& invisible Flavor Diagonal, can decay back to SM

## Resummation and Matching

## Parton Distributions

Internal (faster than LHAPDF)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { CTEQ + MSTW LO, plus a few NLO } \\
& \text { MSTW LO*, LO**, CTEQ CTO9MC }
\end{aligned}
$$

Interface to LHAPDF ${ }^{\text {T. Kasemets, arxiv: } 1002.4376]}$
Can use separate PDFs for hard scattering and UE (to 'stay tuned')

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## Showers

Transverse-momentum ordered
ISR \& FSR (new: fully interleaved)
Includes QCD and QED
Dipole-style recoils (partly new)
Improved high- $p_{\perp}$ behavior [R. Corke]

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## Matrix-Element Matching

Automatic first-order matching for most gluon-emission processes in resonance decays, e.g.,:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& Z \rightarrow q q \rightarrow q q g, \\
& t \rightarrow b W \rightarrow b W g, \\
& H \rightarrow b b \rightarrow b b g, \ldots
\end{aligned}
$$

Automatic first-order matching for internal $2 \rightarrow$ I color-singlet processes, e.g.:
$p p \rightarrow H / Z / W / Z^{\prime} / W^{+}+j e t$
More to come ...
Interface to AlpGen, MadGraph, ... via Les Houches Accords

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$p p \rightarrow H / Z / W / Z{ }^{\prime} / W$ '+jet
More to come ...
Interface to AlpGen, MadGraph, ... via Les Houches Accords

Matched Showers: Interface to VINCIA (new showers + matching) [PS]

## Matching



## Tree-Level Matrix Elements

PHASE-SPACE SLICING (a.k.a. CKKW, MLM, ...)
UNITARITY (a.k.a. merging, PYTHIA,VINCIA, ...)

Exact


Cures

Tree-Level Matrix Elements PHASE-SPACE SLICING (a...a. CKKW, MLM, ...) UNITARITY (a.k.a. merging, PYTHIA, VINCIA, ...)


NLO Matrix Elements
SUBTRACTION (a.k.a.MC@NLO)
UNITARITY + SUBTRACTION (a.k.a.POWHEG,VINCIA)


## Cures

## Tree-Level Matrix Elements

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## NLO Matrix Elements

SUBTRACTION (a.k.a. MC@NLO) UNITARITY + SUBTRACTION (a.k.a. POWHEG,VINCIA)

|  | ${ }_{\text {+10 }} \times$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| x" | +110 | +2" | ${ }^{\times 10}$ |  |
| som | - | c\| | ¢ |  |

## + WORK IN PROGRESS ...

NLO + multileg tree-level matrix elements
NLO multileg matching
Matching at NNLO


## Matching in PYTHIA 8

Internal: merging (correcting first shower emissions)

## Tree-level matrix elements

CKKW-L: via Les Houches files L. Lönnblad \& S. Prestel, JHEP 1203 (2012) 019 MLM:Work started on Alpgen interface [r. Corke]

NLO matrix elements
POWHEG: done for ISR (via LHEF). In progress for FSR [R. Corke]
MC@NLO: in progress [s. Frixione, P. Torrielli]
(Already available for virtuality-ordered Pythia 6)

+ Interface to VINCIA: Markovian pQCD ...
(uses matrix elements from Madgraph to drive evolution)


## VINCIA: Markovian PQCD*

Start at Born level
$\left|M_{F}\right|^{2}$


VINCIA: Giele, Kosower, Skands, PRD78(2008)014026 \& PRD84(20II)054003

+ ongoing work with M. Ritzmann, E. Laenen, L. Hartgring, A. Larkoski, J. Lopez-Villarejo


## VINCIA: Markovian PQCD*

## Start at Born level

$$
\left|M_{F}\right|^{2}
$$

Generate "shower" emission

$$
\left|M_{F+1}\right|^{2} \stackrel{L L}{\sim} \sum_{i \in \text { ant }} a_{i}\left|M_{F}\right|^{2}
$$



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Correct to Matrix Element

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a_{i} \rightarrow \frac{\left|M_{F+1}\right|^{2}}{\sum a_{i}\left|M_{F}\right|^{2}} a_{i}
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## Unitarity of Shower

$$
\text { Virtual }=-\int \text { Real }
$$



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Note: other teams working on alternative strategies Perturbation theory is solvable $\rightarrow$ expect improvements


## Markoy + Unitarity = SPEED

Efficient Matching with Sector Showers
J. Lopez-Villarejo \& PS :JHEP IIII (201I) I50

Initialization Time
(seconds)


Time to Generate $1000 \mathrm{Z} \rightarrow \mathrm{qq}$ showers (seconds)


$$
\mathrm{Z} \rightarrow \underset{\text { gfortran } / \mathrm{g}++ \text { with gcc v.4.4 -O2 on single } 3.06 \mathrm{GHz} \text { processor with } 4 \mathrm{~GB} \text { memory }}{ }
$$

Generator Versions: Pythia 6.425 (Perugia 2011 tune), Pythia 8.I50, Sherpa I.3.0, Vincia I. 026 (without uncertainty bands, NLL/NLC=OFF)

## Soft QCD

## Underlying-Event and <br> Minimum-Bias

Multiple parton-parton interactions

Multi-parton PDFs constructed from
(flavor and momentum) sum rules
Interleaved evolution in $p_{\perp}$ (partly new)
New: Rescattering [R. Corke]
Beam remnants colour-connected to interacting systems, with String junctions

## Defaults tuned to LHC (tune 4C)

Improved model of diffraction
Diffractive jet production [S. Navin]

Output: Interface to HEPMC included

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## Hadronization

## String fragmentation

Lund fragmentation function for ( $u, \mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~s}$ )

+ Bowler for heavy quarks (c,b)
Hadron and Particle decays
Usually isotropic, or:
New: Polarized T decays
User decays (DecayHandler)
Link to external packages
EVTGEN for B decays
TAUOLA for T decays
Bose-Einstein effects
Two-particle model (off by default)

Output: Interface to HEPMC included

## Interleaved Evolution

Add exclusivity progressively by evolving everything downwards.

+(X,b) correlations Corke, Sjöstrand JHEP II05 (20II) 009

## Color Connections



Multiplicity $\propto \mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{MPI}}$

Generalized Area Law (Rathsman: Phys. Lett. B452 (1999) 364)
Color Annealing (P.S.,Wicke: Eur. Phys. J. C52 (2007) I33)
Better theory models needed
Cluster reconnections (Gieseke, Röhr, Siodmok, arXiv:I206.004I)


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## Pythia 6: The Perugia Variations

## Central Tune + 9 variations

Note: no variation of hadronization parameters! (sorry, ten was already a lot)

| PS, PRD82 | (2010) 074018 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $(350)$ | Perugia 2011 |
| $(351)$ | Perugia 2011 radHi |
| $(352)$ | Perugia 2011 radLo |
| $(353)$ | Perugia 2011 mpiHi |
| $(354)$ | Perugia 2011 noCR |
| $(355)$ | Perugia 2011 M |
| $(356)$ | Perugia 2011 C |
| $(357)$ | Perugia 2011 T 16 |
| $(358)$ | Perugia 2011 T 32 |
| (359) | Perugia 2011 Tevatron |

## Perugia 2011 Tune Set

Central Perugia 2011 tune (CTEQ5L)
Variation using $\alpha_{s}\left(\frac{1}{2} p_{\perp}\right)$ for ISR and FSR
Harder radiation Variation using $\alpha_{s}\left(2 p_{\perp}\right)$ for ISR and FSR Softer radiation Variation using $\Lambda_{\mathrm{QCD}}=0.26 \mathrm{GeV}$ also for MPI ue more "jetty" Variation without color reconnections Softer hadrons Variation using MRST LO** PDFs UE more "jetty" Variation using CTEQ 6L1 PDFs Recommended Variation using PARP (90)=0.16 scaling away from 7 TeV Variation using PARP (90) $=0.32$ scaling away from 7 TeV Variation optimized for Tevatron

## Can be obtained in standalone Pythia from 6.4.25+

 $\operatorname{MSTP}(5)=350 \quad \operatorname{MSTP}(5)=35 I \quad \operatorname{MSTP}(5)=352 \quad \operatorname{MSTP}(5)=\ldots$Perugia 2011
Perugia 20 I I radHi
Perugia 20 I radLo

## Summary

## PYTHIA 6 is still going strong (sigh)

Recommended: Perugia 20 I I tunes + variations
No longer actively developed
F77 interfaces not very flexible, outmoded.


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Significant focus on interfaces \& interoperability (e.g., Madgraph, Alpgen, LHEF, ...)
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Replaces shower functions by matrix elements
Fast + Extendable to NLO multileg + auto-uncertainties
So far only for FSR. Aim to have ISR this year.

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## Backup Slides

## Color Flow in MC Models

## "Planar Limit"

Equivalent to $\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{C}} \rightarrow \infty$ : no color interference*
*) except as reflected by the implementation of QCD coherence effects in the Monte Carlos via angular or dipole ordering

Rules for color flow:


For an entire cascade:


Illustrations from: P.Nason \& P.S., PDG Review on MC Event Generators, 20I2


Coherence of pQCD cascades $\rightarrow$ not much "overlap" between strings
$\rightarrow$ planar approx pretty good
LEP measurements in WW confirm this (at least to order $10 \% \sim 1 / \mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{c}}{ }^{2}$ )

## Interfaces to External MES (POWHEG/SCALUP)

Standard Les Houches interface (LHA, LHEF) specifies startup scale SCALUP for showers, so "trivial" to interface any external program, including POWHEG.
Problem: for ISR

$$
p_{\perp}^{2}=\mathrm{p}_{\perp \mathrm{evol}}^{2}-\frac{\mathrm{p}_{\perp \mathrm{evol}}^{4}}{p_{\perp \mathrm{evol}, \mathrm{max}}^{2}}
$$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\int d \Phi_{r} \frac{R(v, r)}{B(v)} \theta\left(k_{\mathrm{T}}(v, r)-p_{\mathrm{T}}\right) \\
\text { not needed if shower ordere }
\end{array}
$$

not needed if shower ordered in PT?
i.e. $p_{\perp}$ decreases for $\theta^{*}>90^{\circ}$ but $\mathrm{p}_{\perp \text { evol }}$ monotonously increasing. Solution: run "power" shower but kill emissions above the hardest one, by POWHEG's definition.
(a)

(b)


Available,for ISR-dominated, coming for QCD jets with FSR issues.

## Interfaces to External MES (MLM) <br> B. Cooper et al., arXiv:I I 09.5295 [hep-ph]

## If using one code for MEs and another for showering

Tree-level corrections use $\alpha_{s}$ from Matrix-element Generator
Virtual corrections use $\alpha_{s}$ from Shower Generator (Sudakov)
Mismatch if the two do not use same $\Lambda_{\mathrm{ecd}}$ or $\alpha_{\mathbf{s}}\left(\mathrm{mz}_{\mathbf{z}}\right)$


AlpGen: can set xlclu $=\Lambda_{\mathrm{QCD}}$ since v.2.14 (default remains to inherit from PDF) Pythia 6: set common $\operatorname{PARP}(61)=\operatorname{PARP}(72)=\operatorname{PARP}(81)=\Lambda_{\mathrm{QCD}}$ in Perugia 201 I tunes

Pythia 8: use TimeShower:alphaSvalue and SpaceShower:alphaSvalue

## Scales: PT and CMW

Compute $\mathbf{e}^{+} \mathbf{e}^{-\rightarrow \mathbf{3}}$ jets, for arbitrary choice of $\mu_{\mathrm{R}}$ (e.g., $\mu_{\mathrm{R}}=\mathrm{mz}_{\mathrm{z}}$ )
One-loop correction $2 \operatorname{Re}\left[\mathrm{M}^{0} \mathrm{M}^{\prime *}\right]$ includes a universal $\mathrm{O}\left(\alpha_{s}{ }^{2}\right)$ term from integrating quark loops over all of phase space

$$
n_{f} A_{3}^{0}\left(\ln \left(\frac{s_{23}}{\mu_{R}^{2}}\right)+\ln \left(\frac{s_{13}}{\mu_{R}^{2}}\right)\right) \quad+\text { gluon loops }
$$

Proportional to the $\beta$ function (bo).
Can be absorbed by using $\mu_{R}{ }^{4}=s / 3 S_{23}=p T^{2} s . \quad(\sim$ "BLM")
In an ordered shower, quark (and gluon) loops restricted by strong-ordering condition $\rightarrow$ modified to
$\mu_{R}=$ PT (but depends on ordering variable?)
Additional logs induced by gluon loops can be absorbed by replacing $\Lambda^{\mathrm{MS}}$ by $\Lambda^{\mathrm{MC}} \sim 1.5 \Lambda^{\mathrm{MS}}$ (with mild dependence on number of flavors)

Catani, Marchesini, Webber, NPB349 (199I) 635
There are obviously still order 2 uncertainties on $\mu_{\mathrm{R}}$, but this is the background for the central choice made in showers

## I. Fragmentation Tuning

Perturbative: jet radiation, jet broadening, jet structure
Non-perturbative: hadronization modeling \& parameters

## 2. Initial-State Tuning

Perturbative: initial-state radiation, initial-final interference
Non-perturbative: PDFs, primordial $k_{T}$

## 3. Underlying-Event \& Min-Bias Tuning

Perturbative: Multi-parton interactions, rescattering
Non-perturbative: Multi-parton PDFs, Beam Remnant fragmentation, Color (re)connections, collective effects, impact parameter dependence, ...

## PYTHIA Models



Note: tunes differ significantly in which data sets they include
LEP fragmentation parameters
Level of Underlying Event \& Minimum-bias Tails
Soft part of Drell-Yan рт spectrum

## PYTHIA Models



Q-ordered PYTHIA 6

Рт-ordered PYTHIA 8

Tune A
(default)

DW(T)
D6(T)
D...-Pro

Pro-Q2O
Q2-LHC ?

4C, 4Cx
AI,AUI
A2,AU2
Main Data Sets included in each Tune (no guarantee that all subsets ok)

|  | A | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DW, } \\ & \text { D6, ... } \end{aligned}$ | S0, S0A | MC09(c) | Pro-..., Perugia 0, Tune I, 2C, 2M | AMBTI | $\begin{gathered} \text { Perugia } \\ 2010 \end{gathered}$ | Perugia 2011 | Z1, Z2 | 4C, 4Cx | AUET2B, A2, AU2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LEP |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| TeV MB |  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $(\checkmark)$ | ? |
| TeV UE | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $(\checkmark)$ | $\checkmark$ ? |
| TeV DY |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| LHC MB |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ | ! |
| LHC UE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |

## Example: pQCD Shower Tuning

## Main pQCD Parameters

$\alpha_{s}(m z)$
The value of the strong coupling at the $Z$ pole
Governs overall amount of radiation
$\alpha_{s}$ Running

Matching

Subleading Logs

Renormalization Scheme and Scale for $\alpha$ s
I- / 2-loop running, MSbar / CMW scheme, $\mu_{R} \sim Q^{2}$ or $\mathrm{PT}^{2}$
Additional Matrix Elements included?
At tree level / one-loop level? Using what scheme?
Ordering variable, coherence treatment, effective $I \rightarrow 3$ (or $2 \rightarrow 4$ ), recoil strategy, etc

## Need IR Corrections?

PYTHIA 8 (hadronization off) vs LEP: Thrust

$$
T=\max _{\vec{n}}\left(\frac{\sum_{i}\left|\overrightarrow{p_{i}} \cdot \vec{n}\right|}{\sum_{i}\left|\overrightarrow{p_{i}}\right|}\right)
$$







Significant Discrepancies (>10\%)
for $T<0.05$, Major $<0.15$, Minor $<0.2$, and for all values of Oblateness

## Need IR Corrections?

PYTHIA 8 (hadronization on) vs LEP: Thrust

$$
T=\max _{\vec{n}}\left(\frac{\sum_{i}\left|\overrightarrow{p_{i}} \cdot \vec{n}\right|}{\sum_{i}\left|\overrightarrow{p_{i}}\right|}\right) \quad-\quad=-T-\frac{1}{2}
$$







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$$







Note: Value of Strong coupling is

$$
\alpha_{s}\left(M_{z}\right)=0.14
$$

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PYTHIA 8 (hadronization on) vs LEP: Thrust

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$$







Note: Value of Strong coupling is

$$
\alpha_{s}\left(M_{z}\right)=0.12
$$

## Wait ... is this Crazy?

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## Best result

Obtained with $\alpha_{s}\left(M_{z}\right) \approx 0.14 \neq$ World Average $=0.1176 \pm 0.0020$

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## Value of $\boldsymbol{\alpha}_{\mathbf{s}}$

Depends on the order and scheme
$M C \approx$ Leading Order + LL resummation
Other leading-Order extractions of $\alpha_{s} \approx 0.13-0.14$
Effective scheme interpreted as "CMW" $\rightarrow 0.13$; 2-loop running $\rightarrow 0.127$; NLO $\rightarrow 0.12$ ?

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Tune/measure even pQCD parameters with the actual generator. Sanity check = consistency with other determinations at a similar formal order, within the uncertainty at that order (including a CMW-like scheme redefinition to go to 'MC scheme')

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$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Improve } \rightarrow \text { Matching at LO and NLO } \\
& \text { Non-perturbative } \rightarrow \text { Lecture on IR }
\end{aligned}
$$

## FSR: Jet Shapes



## ISR*: Drell-Yan $\mathrm{p}_{\mathrm{T}}$ <br> *From Quarks, at $\mathrm{Q}=\mathrm{Mz}_{z}$




## Particularly sensitive to

I. $\alpha_{s}$ renormalization scale choice
2. Recoil strategy (color dipoles vs global vs ...)
3. FSR off ISR (ISR jet broadening)

Non-trivial result that modern GPMC shower models all reproduce it ~ correctly

Note: old PYTHIA 6 model (Tune A) did not give correct distribution, except with extreme $\mu_{R}$ choice (DW, D6, Pro-Q2O)

## ISR: Dijet Decorrelation



ATLAS Phys.Rev.Lett. I06 (20II) I72002



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## IR Safe Summary (ISR/FSR):

LO + showers generally in good $O(20 \%)$ agreement with LHC (modulo bad tunes, pathological cases) Room for improvement: Quantification of uncertainties is still more art than science.

Cutting Edge: multi-jet matching at NLO and systematic NLL showering
Bottom Line: perturbation theory is solvable. Expect progress.

## Uncertainties

Buckley et al. (Professor) "Systematic Event Generator Tuning for LHC", EPJC65 (2010) 33 I
P.S. "Tuning MC Event Generators:The Perugia Tunes", PRD82 (2010) 074018

Schulz, P.S. "Energy Scaling of Minimum-Bias Tunes", EPJC7I (201I) 1644
Giele, Kosower, P.S. "Higher-Order Corrections to Timelike Jets", PRD84 (201 I) 054003


Variation of $\mu_{R}$ here done for ISR + FSR together (theoretically consistent, but may not be most conservative?)

+ Similar variations for PDFs (CTEQ vs MSTW) Amount of MPI, Color reconnections, Energy scaling
+ Variations of Fragmentation parameters (IR sensitive) on the way


## Multiple Interactions

= Allow several parton-parton interactions per hadron-hadron collision. Requires extended factorization ansatz.


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## Underlying Event

Note: the UE is more active than Min-Bias, which is more active than Pile-Up


PYTHIA 8 a bit too low?

Q2-ordered tunes (D6T and Pro-Q20) have the right energy, but it's distributed on too few particles $\rightarrow$ momentum spectra too hard

## Underlying Event: RMS

Measures the event-by-event FLUCTUATIONS of the Underlying Event


Never previously measured. Not used for tuning.

All in all
Amazing agreement

D6T has too
large RMS

## Min-Bias: Inclusive Particles





## Min-Bias: < $\mathrm{p}_{\top}>$ vs $\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{ch}}$



## Independent Particle Production: $\rightarrow$ averages stay the same

## Color Correlations / Jets / Collective effects: $\rightarrow$ average rises



## Diffraction in PYTHIA 6

> Diffractive Cross Section Formulæ:
> $\frac{\mathrm{d} \sigma_{\mathrm{sd}(A X)}(s)}{\mathrm{d} d M^{2}}=\frac{g_{3 \mathrm{P}}}{16 \pi} \beta_{A \mathbb{P}}^{2} \beta_{B \mathrm{BP}} \frac{1}{M^{2}} \exp \left(B_{\mathrm{sd}(A X)} t\right) F_{\mathrm{sd}}$,
> $\frac{\mathrm{d} \sigma_{\mathrm{dd}}(s)}{\mathrm{d} \mathrm{d} M_{1}^{2} d M_{2}^{2}}=\frac{g_{3 \mathrm{P}}^{2}}{16 \pi} \beta_{A \mathbb{P}} \beta_{B \mathrm{BP}} \frac{1}{M_{1}^{2}} \frac{1}{M_{2}^{2}} \exp \left(B_{\mathrm{dd}} t\right) F_{\mathrm{dd}}$

Spectra:
$2 \mathrm{~m}_{\mathrm{pi}}<\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{D}}<1 \mathrm{GeV}$ : 2-body decay $M_{D}>\mathrm{IGeV}$ : string fragmentation

Partonic Substructure in Pomeron: Only in POMPYT addon (P. Bruni, A. Edin, G. Ingelman) high-рт "jetty" diffraction absent


## Very soft spectra without POMPYT

Status: Supported, but not actively developed

## Diffraction in PYTHIA 8

Navin, arXiv: I 005.3894

> Diffractive Cross Section Formulæ:
> $\frac{\mathrm{d} \sigma_{\operatorname{sd}(A X)}(s)}{\mathrm{d} t \mathrm{~d} M^{2}}=\frac{g_{3 \mathbb{P}}}{16 \pi} \beta_{A \mathbb{P}}^{2} \beta_{B \mathbb{P}} \frac{1}{M^{2}} \exp \left(B_{\mathrm{sd}(A X)} t\right) F_{\mathrm{sd}}$
> $\frac{\mathrm{d} \sigma_{\mathrm{dd}}(s)}{\mathrm{d} t \mathrm{~d} M_{1}^{2} \mathrm{~d} M_{2}^{2}}=\frac{g_{3 \mathbb{P}}^{2}}{16 \pi} \beta_{A \mathbb{P}} \beta_{B \mathbb{P}} \frac{1}{M_{1}^{2}} \frac{1}{M_{2}^{2}} \exp \left(B_{\mathrm{dd}} t\right) F_{\mathrm{dd}}$

Partonic Substructure in Pomeron:

Follows the IngelmanSchlein approach of Pompyt



- $M_{X} \leq 10 \mathrm{GeV}$ : original longitudinal string description used

PYTHIA 8 ) $M_{X}>10 \mathrm{GeV}$ : new perturbative description used (incl full MPl+showers for Pp system)
Choice between 5 Pomeron PDFs. Free parameter $\sigma_{\mathbb{P} p}$ needed to fix $\left\langle n_{\text {interactions }}\right\rangle=\sigma_{\text {jet }} / \sigma_{\mathbb{P} p}$.

## Diffraction

## Framework needs testing and tuning

E.g., interplay between non-diffractive and diffractive components

+ LEP tuning used directly for diffractive modeling
Hadronization preceded by shower at LEP, but not in diffraction $\rightarrow$ dedicated diffraction tuning of fragmentation pars?

+ Little experience with new PYTHIA 8 MPI component in high-mass diffractive events
$\rightarrow$ This component especially needs
testing and tuning
E.g., look at $n_{c h}$ and PT spectra in
high-mass ( $>10 \mathrm{GeV}$ ) diffraction
(Not important for UE as such, but can be important if using PYTHIA to simulate pile-up!)

[^0]
## Pile-Up

$=$ additional zero-bias interactions (contain more diffraction than ordinary min-bias)

## Processes with no hard scale:

Larger uncertainties $\rightarrow$ Good UE does not guarantee good pile-up.
Error of $50 \%$ on a soft component $\rightarrow$ not bad.
Multiply it by 60 Pile-Up interactions $\rightarrow$ bad!

## Calibration \& filtering

Good at recovering jet calibration (with loss of resolution),
But missing energy and isolation sensitive to modeling.

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But missing energy and isolation sensitive to modeling.
$\mathrm{H} \rightarrow \mathrm{WW}$
$H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ ?
(E.g., YY studies by ATLAS, CMS, CDF, D0)

## Models

MC models so far: problems describing both MB \& UE simultaneously
$\rightarrow$ Consider using dedicated MB/diffraction model for pile-up (UE/MB tension may be resolved in 2012 (eg. studies by R. Field), but for now must live with it)
Experimentalists advised to use unbiased data for PU (when possible)


[^0]:    $\sigma_{\mathbb{P p}}$ determines level of UE in high-mass diffraction through $<\mathrm{nmpl}>=\sigma_{\mathrm{jet}} / \sigma_{\mathbb{P} p} . \quad$ (Larger $\sigma_{\mathbb{P} p} \rightarrow$ smaller UE)

[^1]:    $H \rightarrow W W$
    $H \rightarrow Y \gamma$ ?
    (E.g., YY studies by ATLAS, CMS, CDF, DO)

