European Organization for Nuclear Research Organisation Européenne pour la Recherche Nucléaire

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Peter Skands

CERN

CERN Theoretical Physics Department

A Quantum Journey

Research and discovery - Education, training, collaboration - Technology and innovation



Every day, around 10 000 scientists from all over the world.



Flags of CERN's Member States

20 European Member States and around 60 other countries collaborate in our scientific projects.

A Quantum Journey



Why?

The Building Blocks of Life



The Building Blocks of Life

The Carbon in our bodies

The Nitrogen

... were made in stars ...

The Oxygen that we breathe

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We are Children of Stardust

Gauguin

Where Do We Come From? What Are We? Where Are We Going?

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D. Zindell: we are the **eyes** through which the universe beholds itself

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All I know for sure: Nature is a **Fantastic Work of Art** Where did it come from? What is it? Where is it going?



It inspires us to think beyond ourselves

Atomic Theory

1000 100000

Stockholm, 1922

"The present state of atomic theory is characterised by the fact that we not only believe the existence of atoms to be proved beyond a doubt, but also we even believe that we have an intimate knowledge of the constituents of the individual atoms ..."

Niels Bohr (1885-1962)

EEM HUNDREDE KHONER Total Video



<u>http://www.physics.adelaide.edu.au/theory/staff/leinweber/VisualQCD/Nobel</u> Gluon action density: 2.4x2.4x3.6 fm, Supercomputer "Lattice simulation" from D. B. Leinweber, hep-lat/0004025

To advance our understanding of the Universe



Molecule Matter

Some of the biggest unanswered questions today: What is **mass**? What is **96% of the Universe** made of? What happened in the **first instants** of the Big Bang? Why are there no **anti-matter** stars and galaxies? Unexplored territories...new matter, new forces, new dimensions?



Fundamental research has always been a driving force for innovation



For GPS to work, we have to take into account the correction due to time dilation. Otherwise, there would be a position error of around 10m after just 5 minutes of travel-time!





How?

CERN - The Large Hadron Collider (LHC)

The ATLAS Experiment at the LHC

ATLAS collision event at 7 TeV from March 2010

http://atlas.ch

Q



LHC Collision at 7 TeV ATLAS, March 2010

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3. Computers : collecting, stocking, distributing and analysing the enormous amounts of data produced by the detectors.



LHC@home 2.0

Test4Theory - A Virtual Atom Smasher



Over 400 billion simulated collision events

Test4Theory

10,000 Volunteers wanted a virtual atom smasher (to help do high-energy theoretical-physics calculations)

Runs when computer is idle. Sleeps immediately when user is working.

Problem: Lots of different machine architectures

 \rightarrow Use Virtualization (CernVM)

Provides standardized computing environment (in our case Scientific Linux) on *any* machine

Exact replica of our normal working environment \rightarrow no worries

Sending Jobs and Retrieving output

Using BOINC platform for volunteer clouds (but can also use other distributed computing resources)

http://lhcathome2.cern.ch/

Last 24 Hours: 2853 machines





One of the fastest racetracks on the planet



Several thousand billion protons travel round the 27km ring over 11 000 times per second



The emptiest space in the solar system...



To accelerate protons to almost the speed of light, we need a vacuum similar to interplanetary space. The pressure in the beam-pipes of the LHC is about ten times lower than on the moon.



One of the **Coldest** places in the Universe...



Temperature of Interstellar space: **-270 Celcius**, due to leftover light from the Big Bang, called the Cosmic Microwave Background (CMB) radiation

Temperature of the LHC: -271.25 Celsius (1.9 degrees above absolute zero)



What is the Universe made of ?







Joseph von Fraunhofer (1821): 500 lines ...

- Is the Sun made of salt? [NaCl]
- The eclipse of 1868: Sun = Helios
- The birth of Spectroscopy
 - A rainbow bridge to touch the stars!
- 1895: star stuff on Earth

von Fraunhofer (1787-1826)



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Next time you see one of those orange street lamps, think back to 1821 von Fraunhofer (1787-1826)



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NB SOLAR SPECTRUM Vestor for the advanced restriction of the second seco

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1895: The X Rays



"The Academy awarded the Nobel Prize in Physics to Wilhelm Conrad Röntgen ... for the discovery with which his name is linked for all time: the discovery of the so-called Röntgen rays or, as he himself called them, Xrays. These are, as we know, a new form of energy and have received the name "rays" on account of their property of propagating themselves in straight lines as light does. The actual constitution of this radiation of energy is still unknown."

Presentation speech, first Nobel prize, Stockholm, 1901

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Two hypotheses

1. An unknown sort of radiation fills all of space. The radioactive elements are the ones that are able to transform this radiation to observable forms

PS : Eve Curie's "Madame Curie" is a must read.

2. "This leads to the supposition that the transformation is more farreaching than the ordinary chemical transformations, that the existence of the atom is even at stake, and that one is in the presence of a transformation of the elements."

Pierre Curie, Stockholm, 1905

 Helium production + existence of Radium -> the alchemists were right!

Radium becomes more expensive than gold and diamonds

The Radium Girls

- Radium is a million times more radio-active than Uranium
- 1917-1926: was used in a wide variety of applications,
 - e.g., luminous paint for military watches and instruments
 - Factory girls were encouraged to point the brushes with their lips
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- The right of individual workers to sue for damages from corporations due to labor abuse was established as a result of the Radium Girls case.

The Fruit of Knowledge

It can even be thought that radium could become very dangerous in criminal hands, and here the question can be raised whether mankind benefits from knowing the secrets of Nature, whether it is ready to profit from it or whether this knowledge will not be harmful for it.

The example of the discoveries of Nobel is characteristic, as powerful explosives have enabled man to do wonderful work. They are also a terrible means of destruction in the hands of great criminals who are leading the peoples towards war.

I am one of those who believe with Nobel that mankind will derive more good than harm from the new discoveries.

Pierre Curie, Stockholm, 1905

Splitting the Atom





J.J. Thomson, 1897

"Thus the atom is not the ultimate limit to the subdivision of matter; we may go further ... the corpuscles appear to form a part of all kinds of matter ... it seems natural therefore to regard it as one of the bricks of which atoms are built up."

The Photon

Einstein (1905): Light is quantized! Photo-Electric Effect:

Shine light (X-rays) on atoms



 \rightarrow Kick out electrons

• \rightarrow direct proof of the existence of "light quanta" = photons

Problems turned to proof:

- 1. Variation of light intensity \rightarrow variation of electron numbers
- 2. Variation of light frequency \rightarrow variation of electron energy

Wollaston's explanation

Atom + quantum hypothesis → Niels Bohr (1913): "There exist fundamentally only separate stationary states in the atoms"

Planck's constant

• $E_2 - E_1 = h v = E_{photon}$



 Applied to kitchen salt and sunlight, Wollaston's rainbow, now 100 years old, was finally explained

But what a strange explanation ...

The Language of Atoms



Correspondence

Niels Bohr (1885-1962)

From quantum mechanics, the classical laws must be obtained in the limit of large quantum numbers or small h

Complementarity

 Mutually exclusive descriptions must be accepted. An experiment can show particle-like properties of matter, or wave-like ones, but not both at the same time.

Antimatter

Dirac's relativistic wave equation with "spin" $\rightarrow E^2 = ...$







Carl Anderson (1905-1991)

"On August 2, 1932 ... the tracks shown in Fig. 1 were obtained, which seemed to be interpretable only on the basis of the existence [...] of a particle carrying a positive charge but having a mass of the same order of magnitude as that normally possessed by a free negative electron"

C. Anderson, "The positive electron", Phys. Rev. 43 (1933) p.491

The World Seen by Accelerators

• 1932: Cockroft & Walton built a system that could fire protons, like bullets, into metal targets: $p + LiF \rightarrow Be$, He, O, ...



(1951): "Transmutation of atomic nuclei by artificially accelerated atomic particles"

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Particle Accelerators



□ Accelerators are 'optical' systems, with
□ Light → charged particles
□ Wave length shortening → particle acceleration
□ Lenses → magnets

Relative to combustion of 1 kg of octane molecules (gasoline) :

- 100m Waterfall : 0.000 025
- Burning wood : 0.3
- Burning sugar (metabolism) : 0.5
- Burning ethanol or coal : 0.75
- Burning Beryllium : 1.5



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- Matter-Antimatter Annihilation : 2 000 000 000
- Tevatron collisions : 2 000 000 000 000
- LHC collisions: 8 000 000 000 000
- Still, Dan Brown exaggerated a bit in "Angels & Demons" ...
 - "If all of the antimatter ever produced at Fermilab had been collected, we would have a couple of nanogrammes ..."

Dave Vandermeulen, antimatter expert, Fermilab



What is "Mass"?

 Consider an ether 'field' distributed evenly across the Universe, of uniform strength

 Suppose that different particles experience this field as being more or less transparent, i.e. that different particles couple to it with different strength

To a photon, it's completely "translucent"

But an electron (or a proton), will interact with it

 Suppose that the nature of the interaction is such that the ether 'condenses' around particles which couple to it, causing an increased energy density around the particle

We call this field the "H" (or Higgs) Field

The Higgs Particle

- If correct, the Higgs mechanism makes one spectacular prediction: it should be possible to excite a wave in the Higgs field itself, an ether wave
- This wave would quickly dissolve (decay) into massive particles, but should be detectable via its decay products
- Made out of pure 'Higgs' ether, in particle form this wave is known as the 'Higgs particle' or 'Higgs boson'
- The discovery of a particle consistent with these properties was announced at CERN on July 4, 2012
- The coming months (and years) will see a huge activity trying to determine all the (quantum) properties of this new "H" particle

The Dark Side of the Universe



What is "Dark Matter" ?

Rotation Curves



Rotation Curves of Galaxies (and of Galaxy Clusters)



Rotation Curves of Galaxies (and of Galaxy Clusters)



Something unknown is making galaxies spin like crazy

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When Galaxies Collide

August 2006: Clowe et al.: "A direct empirical proof of the existence of dark matter"

Astrophysical Journal 648 L109-L113 (2006)

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But we still don't know what "it" is Maybe we can make it in the LHC?

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LHC : The Undiscovered Country

Open-minded "model building":

Matter

There could be new fundamental matter "Fundamental" matter might be composite

There could be new fundamental forces

Force

Spacetime

Known forces might not be fundamental What is gravity, at the fundamental level? There could be new laws of space and time Known laws might break down There could be extra dimensions

P. Hein,

Poet and friend of Niels Bohr

We glibly talk of nature's laws But do things have a natural cause?

Black earth turned into yellow crocus Is undiluted hocus-pocus



